

MSDS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NATURAL GAS (SOUR)

MSDS # 103

Effective May 11, 2010

(713) 420-2600 Manufacturer/Supplier: **Emergency Health Information:**

Hunt Oil Company 1900 North Akard Street Dallas, Texas 75201-2300 214-978-8000

CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (USA)

(for transport emergencies):

202-483-7616 (Outside the USA)

Component Range % by Wt. CAS # **Important Components:** 100

Natural Gas (predominantly methane & ethane) 6841-63-9 Methane 74-82-8 70 - 100Hydrogen sulfide 7783-06-4 Varies

Danger! Extremely flammable. Vapor may contain hydrogen sulfide (H2S) gas. **Warning Statement:**

Vapor harmful or fatal. Can cause skin irritation on prolonged or repeated contact. Harmful or fatal if liquid is aspirated into lungs. Benzene: cancer hazard.

HMIS/NFPA Codes: (Health;2) (Flammability;4) (Reactivity;0), Chronic

Hazard

Colorless gas; rotten egg odor. Appearance and odor:

HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

EYE SKIN Effect: Causes eye irritation. Effect: No significant health hazards identified.

First Aid: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Obtain First Aid: Wash exposed skin with soap and water. immediate medical attention.

Protection: None required; however, use of protective Protection: Wear chemical goggles.

First Aid:

clothing and gloves is good industrial

practice.

Not applicable.

INHALATION **INGESTION**

Effect: Harmful or fatal if inhaled. Prolonged Effect: No significant health hazards identified.

> hour) of breathing (greater than one concentrations of H2S around 20 ppm can produce eye and respiratory tract irritation; levels of 250 to 600 ppm will result in fluid in the lungs, and concentrations around 1,000 ppm will cause unconsciousness and death in a short period of time. High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea. Asphyxiant in high concentrations. See Toxicology

section.

First Aid:

respiration if not breathing. Give oxygen if breathing is difficult. Get immediate medical

attention.

Use with adequate supplied or self contained Protection:

breathing air. If ventilation is inadequate, use

supplied air respirator.

If worker is overcome, rescuer must wear supplied air breathing apparatus to remove worker to uncontaminated area. Give artificial

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Flashpoint: -188°C, (-306°F) Flammable gas.

Auto-ignition Temperature: 538°C (1000°F), Approx.

Extinguishing Media: Stop flow of gas, if possible, if not, allow to burn. Agents approved for Class B

hazards (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, steam) or water fog.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Extremely flammable vapor/air mixtures form. Extinguishment of fire before

source of vapor is shut off can create an explosive mixture in air.

Precautions: Keep away from ignition sources (e.g., heat, sparks and open flames). Do not

cut, puncture, or weld on or near this container.

Flammability Classification: Compressed gas, extremely flammable.

Fire-fighting Equipment: Firefighters should wear full bunker gear, including a positive pressure SCBA (self-

contained breathing apparatus).

REACTIVITY INFORMATION

Dangerous Reactions: Avoid chlorine, fluorine and other strong oxidizers.

Stability: Burning can be started easily.

CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Solubility in Water: Negligible, below 0.1%

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): Not determined. PH: Not determined

Vapor Pressure: 300 – 600 psig (in pipeline)

Vapor Density:0.55 - 0.6Melting Point:Not determinedBoiling Point: $-76^{\circ}F$ ($-60^{\circ}C$)

STORAGE AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Storage Requirements: Outside storage is recommended. Store in cool, dry, well ventilated area. Store

away from heat, ignition sources, and open flame in accordance with applicable

regulations.

Spills and Leaks: Remove or shut off all sources of ignition. Use appropriate protective equipment.

Increase ventilation, if possible. Use water spray to disperse vapors.

Disposal: Disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state or local regulations.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aspiration of this product into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonia and can be fatal. Aspiration can occur while vomiting after ingestion of this product.

Hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) gas may accumulate in storage tanks and bulk transport compartments containing petroleum crudes or condensates. Prolonged breathing (greater than one hour) of concentrations of H_2S around 20 ppm can produce eye and respiratory tract irritation; levels of 250 to 600 ppm will result in fluid in the lungs, and concentrations around 1,000 ppm will cause unconsciousness and death in a short period of time. The sense of smell rapidly becomes insensitive to this toxic, colorless gas and the odor of condensate may mask the odor of H_2S . Therefore, odor cannot be relied upon as an indicator of concentration of the gas. Always exercise caution when working around containers of condensate.

This material is an asphyxiant. Asphyxiants may reduce the oxygen concentrations in the air to dangerous levels. Symptoms of lack of oxygen include increased depth and frequency of breathing, air hunger, dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of consciousness.

No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen by the ACGIH or IARC.

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ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Ecological testing has not been conducted on this product.	
TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION	
Proper Shipping Name:	Methane, Compressed
Subsidiary Class:	2.1
UN Number:	UN1971
DOT Shipping Label	FLAMMABLE GAS (red)
REGULATORY INFORMATION	
U.S. Federal, State, and Local Regulatory Information Clean Water Act (oil spills)	Any spill or uncontrolled release of this product, including any substantial threat of release, may be subject to federal, state and/or local reporting requirements. This product and/or its constituents may also be subject to other regulations at the state and/or local level. Consult those regulations applicable to your facility/operation. Any spill or release of this product to "navigable waters" (essentially any surface water, including certain wetlands) or adjoining shorelines sufficient to cause a visible sheen or deposit of a sludge or emulsion must be reported immediately to the National Response Center (1-800-424-8802) as required by U.S. Federal Law. Also contact appropriate state and local regulatory agencies as required.
CERCLA Section 103 and SARA section 304 (release to the environment)	The CERCLA definition of hazardous substances contains a "petroleum exclusion" clause which exempts crude oil, refined, and unrefined petroleum products and any indigenous components of such. However, other federal reporting requirements (e.g., SARA Section 304 as well as the Clean Water Act if the spill occurs on navigable waters) may still apply.

NOTICE

This material safety data sheet and the information it contains is offered to you in good faith as accurate. We have reviewed any information contained in this data sheet which we received from sources outside our Company. We believe that information to be correct but cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness. Health and safety precautions in this data sheet may not be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. No statement made in this data sheet shall be construed as a permission or recommendation for the use of any product in a manner that might infringe existing patents. No warranty is made, either express or implied.

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